CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

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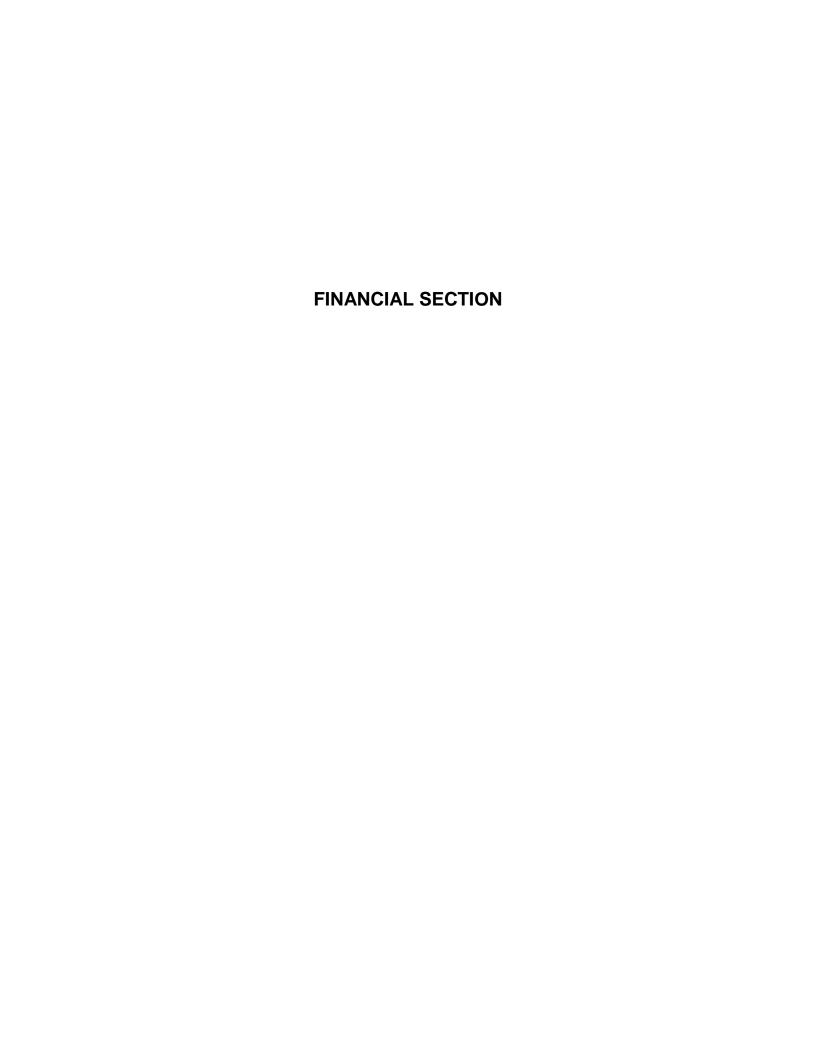
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Aldermen and Mayor City of Smithville, Missouri

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Smithville, Missouri (the City), as of and for the year ended October 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position – modified cash basis of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Smithville, Missouri as of October 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position – modified cash basis and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Smithville, Missouri's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of contributions, the combining nonmajor governmental funds balance sheet – modified cash basis, and the combining nonmajor governmental funds revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – modified cash basis are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

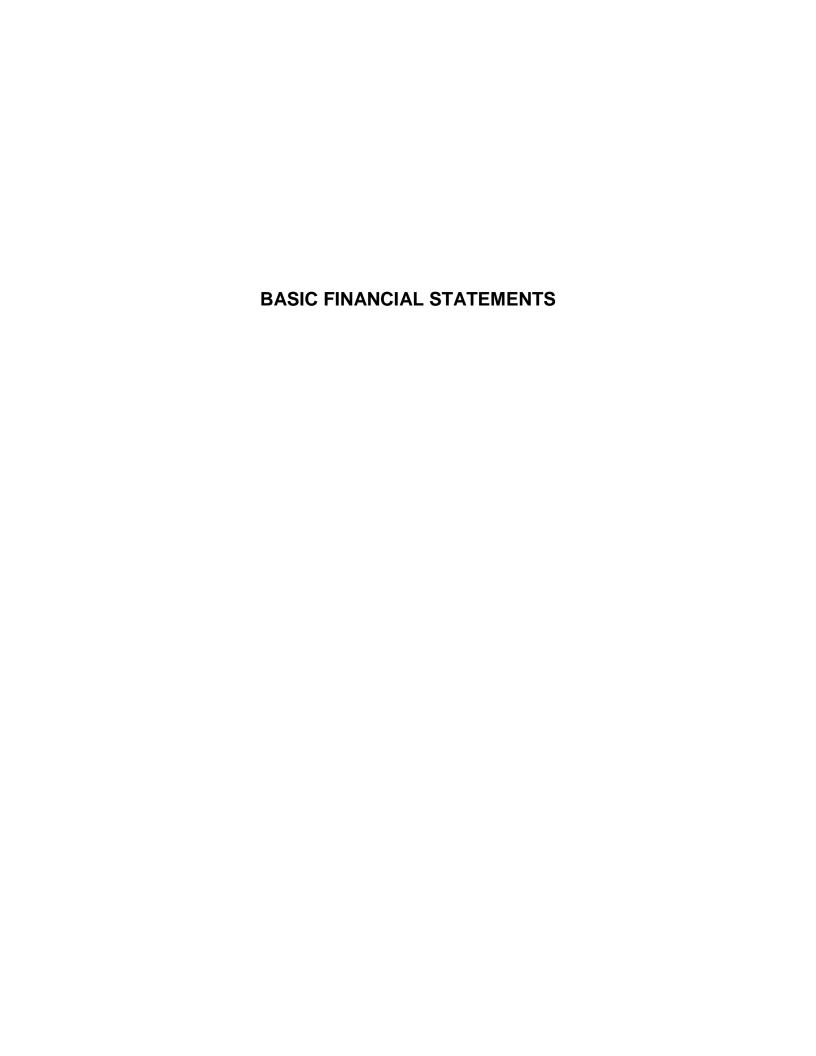
The combining nonmajor governmental funds balance sheet – modified cash basis, and the combining nonmajor governmental funds revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – modified cash basis are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor governmental funds balance sheet – modified cash basis, and the combining nonmajor governmental funds revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – modified cash basis are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of contributions have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

St. Joseph, Missouri February 5, 2019



CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS OCTOBER 31, 2018

	Primary Government								
	Business-								
	Governmental	Type							
	Activities	Activities	Total						
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,695,313	\$ 1,340,411	\$ 7,035,724						
Restricted Cash and Investments	14,462	9,234,502	9,248,964						
Capital Assets:									
Nondepreciable	1,244,296	687,494	1,931,790						
Depreciable, Net	5,602,197	14,714,920	20,317,117						
Total Assets	12,556,268	25,977,327	38,533,595						
LIABILITIES									
Developer Escrow	23,652	-	23,652						
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	1,462	-	1,462						
Customer Deposits	-	317,770	317,770						
Long-Term Liabilities:									
Due Within One Year	29,286	290,807	320,093						
Due In More Than One Year	2,243,556	8,782,563	11,026,119						
Total Liabilities	2,297,956	9,391,140	11,689,096						
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,582,549	13,178,115	19,760,664						
Restricted for Law Enforcement and Court	44,303	-	44,303						
Restricted for Debt Service	-	68,380	68,380						
Restricted for Capital Projects	2,008,898	2,317,051	4,325,949						
Restricted for Transportation	417,228	-	417,228						
Unrestricted	1,205,334	1,022,641	2,227,975						
Total Net Position	\$ 10,258,312	\$ 16,586,187	\$ 26,844,499						

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

			Program Revenues					N	et (Expense)	Reveni	ue and Changes	in Ne	t Position	
					Operating	Capital			Primary Government					
			C	charges for	G	rants and	Gı	ants and	Gov	ernmental	Bu	siness-Type		
	Expenses		Services		Co	ntributions	Contributions		Α	ctivities		Activities	Total	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT														
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES														
General Government	\$	898,993	\$	129,403	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(769,590)	\$	-	\$	(769,590)
Public Works		958,980		38,288		-		-		(920,692)		-		(920,692)
Police and Municipal Court		1,746,911		261,480		111,056		-		(1,374,375)		-		(1,374,375)
Community and Economic														
Development		574,149		317,473		-		-		(256,676)		-		(256,676)
Parks and Recreation		594,444		202,031		-		-		(392,413)		-		(392,413)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		66,988		<u>-</u>		-				(66,988)		-		(66,988)
Total Governmental Activities		4,840,465		948,675		111,056		-		(3,780,734)		-		(3,780,734)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES														
Water and Sewer		2,992,126		3,657,680		-		528,074		-		1,193,628		1,193,628
Sanitation		726,458		735,137		-		-		-		8,679		8,679
Total Business-Type Activities		3,718,584		4,392,817		-		528,074		-		1,202,307		1,202,307
Total Primary Government	\$	8,559,049	\$	5,341,492	\$	111,056	\$	528,074		(3,780,734)		1,202,307		(2,578,427)
					Gene	ral Revenues:								
					Tax	xes:								
					I	Property Taxes				815,998		-		815,998
					I	Franchise Taxe	3			767,961		-		767,961
					,	Sales Taxes				1,896,424		-		1,896,424
					1	Motor Fuel Taxe	es			225,221		-		225,221
					To	wer Lease				-		37,589		37,589
					Inv	estment Earnin	gs			141,291		14,659		155,950
					Mis	scellaneous				65,174		4,579		69,753
					-	Total General R	evenue	es		3,912,069		56,827		3,968,896
					Chan	ge in Net Positi	on			131,335		1,259,134		1,390,469
					Net P	osition - Beginr	ing of \	Year		10,126,977		15,327,053		25,454,030
					Net P	osition - End of	Year		\$	10,258,312	\$	16,586,187	\$	26,844,499

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI BALANCE SHEET – MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OCTOBER 31, 2018

AGOETO	General		Transportation Sales Tax		Capital Improvements		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash Restricted Cash	\$	3,229,513 14,462	\$	417,228	\$	2,008,898	\$	39,674	\$	5,695,313 14,462
Total Assets	\$	3,243,975	\$	417,228	\$	2,008,898	\$	39,674	\$	5,709,775
LIABILITIES										
Developer Escrow Payable from Restricted Assets, Municipal Court Bonds	\$	23,652 1,462	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	23,652 1,462
Total Liabilities		25,114		-		-		-		25,114
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted: Law Enforcement and Court Transportation Capital Improvement Committed:		13,000 - -		- 417,228 -		- - 2,008,898		31,303 - -		44,303 417,228 2,008,898
Law Enforcement Technology Upgrades Unassigned		- 3,205,861		-		- -		8,371		8,371 3,205,861
Total Fund Balances		3,218,861		417,228		2,008,898		39,674		5,684,661
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,243,975	\$	417,228	\$	2,008,898	\$	39,674	\$	5,709,775

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS OCTOBER 31, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 5,684,661

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

6,846,493

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Capital Leases Payable (196,956)
Bonds Payable (2,075,886)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 10,258,312

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

	General	Transportation Sales Tax		Capital Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
Property Taxes	\$ 815,998	\$	-	\$	=	\$	-	\$	815,998
Sales and Use Taxes	1,366,970		476,958		-		-		1,843,928
Franchise Taxes	819,356		-		=		=		819,356
Licenses, Fees, and Permits	453,607		-		-		7,353		460,960
Intergovernmental Revenues	424,622		-		=		=		424,622
Charges for Services	160,577		-		=		=		160,577
Fines and Forfeits	173,262		-		=		-		173,262
Interest	141,291		-		-		-		141,291
Other Revenue	131,806		-		=		-		131,806
Total Revenues	4,487,489		476,958		-		7,353		4,971,800
EXPENDITURES									
Current:	077 000								077 000
General Government	877,822		-		-		1 201		877,822
Police	1,578,770		-		-		1,381		1,580,151
Municipal Court	98,042		05.070		-		2,284		100,326
Public Works Parks and Recreation	729,757		95,276		-		-		825,033
	513,897		-		-		-		513,897
Community and Economic	E 40 400								E42 400
Development Senior Center	543,498		-		-		-		543,498
	17,031		400.054		-		-		17,031
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	790,021		480,254		-		-		1,270,275
	44.050		20.070						50,000
Principal	11,956		38,276		-		-		50,232
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 140		-		66,988		- 0.005		67,128
Total Expenditures	 5,160,934		613,806		66,988		3,665		5,845,393
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(673,445)		(136,848)		(66,988)		3,688		(873,593)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Issuance of Debt	-		235,232		2,075,886		-		2,311,118
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(673,445)		98,384		2,008,898		3,688		1,437,525
					2,000,000		·		1,707,020
Fund Balances - Beginning Of Year	 3,892,306		318,844		-		35,986		4,247,136
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,218,861	\$	417,228	\$	2,008,898	\$	39,674	\$	5,684,661

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,437,525
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities the expenditures are capitalized.	
Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense	1,270,275 (315,579)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. In the current period, this amount consists of:	
Debt Principal Retirement	50,232
Proceeds of long term-debt is reported as an other financing source in the governmental but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.	 (2,311,118)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 131,335

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS OCTOBER 31, 2018

ACCETO		Water and Vastewater	S	anitation	 Total Proprietary Funds
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS Cash	\$	1,296,566	\$	43,845	\$ 1,340,411
RESTRICTED ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents		9,234,502		-	9,234,502
CAPITAL ASSETS Nondepreciable Depreciable, Net Capital Assets, Net		687,494 14,714,920 15,402,414		- - -	687,494 14,714,920 15,402,414
Total Assets	\$	25,933,482	\$	43,845	\$ 25,977,327
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
CURRENT LIABILITIES Customer Deposits Current Maturities of Long-Term Liabilities Total Current Liabilities	\$	317,770 290,807 608,577	\$	- -	\$ 317,770 290,807 608,577
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Long-Term Liabilities, Less Current Maturities Above		8,782,563			8,782,563
Total Liabilities		9,391,140		-	9,391,140
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service Restricted for Capital Projects Unrestricted Total Net Position	_	13,178,115 68,380 2,317,051 978,796 16,542,342		- - 43,845 43,845	13,178,115 68,380 2,317,051 1,022,641 16,586,187
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	25,933,482	\$	43,845	\$ 25,977,327

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

	-	Water and Vastewater	S	anitation	F	Total Proprietary Funds
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	3,657,681	\$	735,138	\$	4,392,819
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel Services		835,512		-		835,512
Contractual Services		525,889		726,458		1,252,347
Operations		509,779		-		509,779
Repair and Maintenance		338,466		-		338,466
Depreciation and Amortization		495,837				495,837
Total Operating Expenses		2,705,483		726,458		3,431,941
OPERATING INCOME		952,198		8,680		960,878
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Tower Lease		37,589		-		37,589
Interest Income		14,659		-		14,659
Nonoperating Expenses		(5,901)		-		(5,901)
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges		(280,744)		-		(280,744)
Other Income		4,579		<u>-</u>		4,579
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(229,818)		-	'	(229,818)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						
Impact Fees		528,074				528,074
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,250,454		8,680		1,259,134
Net Position - Beginning of Year		15,291,888		35,165		15,327,053
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	16,542,342	\$	43,845	\$	16,586,187

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

	Water and Wastewater		S	anitation	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	3,675,444 (1,374,134) (835,512)	\$	735,138 (726,458)	\$ 4,410,582 (2,100,592) (835,512) 1,474,478
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING		1,465,798		8,680	1,474,478
ACTIVITIES					
Other Nonoperating Revenue		36,267			 36,267
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		36,267		-	36,267
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of Capital Assets		(2,012,495)		-	(2,012,495)
Cash Received from Impact Fees		528,074		-	528,074
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		8,848,370		-	8,848,370
Payments on Long-Term Debt		(2,675,000)		-	(2,675,000)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(276,908)			 (276,908)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		4,412,041		-	4,412,041
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest Received		14,659			 14,659
NET INCREASE IN CASH		5,928,765		8,680	5,937,445
Cash - Beginning of Year		4,602,303		35,165	 4,637,468
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	10,531,068	\$	43,845	\$ 10,574,913

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

	,	Combined Water and Wastewater		anitation	 Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to	\$	952,198	\$	8,680	\$ 960,878
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Change in:		495,837		-	495,837
Customer Deposits		17,763			17,763
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,465,798	\$	8,680	\$ 1,474,478
CASH REPORTED ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION					
Cash	\$	1,296,566	\$	43,845	\$ 1,340,411
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		9,234,502			 9,234,502
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,531,068	\$	43,845	\$ 10,574,913

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Smithville (the City) was incorporated in 1867 and covers an area of approximately 13.8 square miles in Clay County and Platte County, Missouri. The City is a fourth class city and operates under the aldermen-administrator form of government. The City Administrator is the chief administrative officer of the City. The City provides services to more than 8,400 residents in many areas, including law enforcement, water and sewer services, refuse and recycling services, parks and recreation services, community enrichment and development, and various administrative functions.

The financial statements of the City of Smithville, Missouri, have been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates incorporated within the City's financial statements include the factors utilized in determining depreciation of the City's capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles Used to Determine the Reporting Entity

The City's policy is to include in the financial statements all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the City (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit include: whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component units governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally dependent upon by the potential component unit.

The City is not aware of any organization to which the City is financially accountable. Management has considered all potential component units and has determined there are no entities outside of the primary government that should be blended into or discretely presented with the City's financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basic Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position – modified cash basis and the statement of activities – modified cash basis) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales for support.

The statement of activities – modified cash basis demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds are used to report business-type activities carried on by the City.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are reported using modified cash basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, as limited by the modified cash basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when received and expenses are recorded when paid.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported on the "current financial resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The City accounts for all activities using the modified cash basis of accounting, modified with respect to capitalization and depreciation of property and equipment, and the recording of liabilities for long-term debt. Consequently, accounts receivable and accounts payable are not recorded. Therefore, certain revenue and related assets are recognized when received rather than when earned and certain expenses are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. Accordingly, the financial statements are not intended to present financial position and change in net position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, fund balances, and revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped in the financial statements in this report as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Transportation Sales Tax Fund

The Transportation Sales Tax Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the revenues received from a 0.5% sales tax to be used specifically for transportation purposes.

Capital Improvement Fund

The Capital Improvement Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the proceeds from the issuance of 2018 general obligation bonds and will be used to account for the future revenues received from a 0.5% sales tax for the purpose of funding, financing, operating and maintaining capital improvements. The sales tax will expire on December 31, 2038.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Major Proprietary Funds

• Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations of the City's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position.

o Combined Water and Wastewater Fund

The Combined Water and Wastewater Fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer utility services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service.

o Sanitation Fund

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the provision of sanitation services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing, and related debt service.

Pooled Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments, which are managed by the Finance Director. Investments accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposit carried at cost. Interest income earned on the pooled account is allocated to general fund. Missouri state law permits the City to invest in prime money market instruments and securities, such as U.S. Government obligations, repurchase agreements, Missouri bank certificates of deposit, demand accounts, and savings accounts. As of October 31, 2018, the City has cash in demand deposits, money market instruments, and certificates of deposit.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which is available for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed as pooled cash and investments or in restricted assets. Additionally, certain restricted assets, related to bond ordinances and indentures and capital lease certificates, are held in escrow by financial institutions' trust departments.

Restricted Assets

Cash has been restricted in the General Fund for court bonds. Cash and investments are restricted in the Proprietary Fund for revenue bond reserves because their use is limited by applicable debt obligation covenants.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

The City's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. Capital and intangible assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The City maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Governmental activities capital and intangible assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since assets are typically sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purpose by the City, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	<u>Years</u>
Building and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	40 5 to 20 5 40
Business-Type Activities:	
Machinery and Equipment	5 to10
Water and Sewer Lines	40 to 50
Water Towers	40
Water and Sewer Plant	40 to 50

The City has elected to prospectively report infrastructure assets in the governmental activities, as allowed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

Capital and intangible assets not being depreciated include land, construction in progress, and permanent easements, if any.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the enterprise fund statement of net position, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and business-type activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position

Net Position is displayed in three components:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – Consists of restricted assets with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of the government; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – Consists of the net amounts of the assets that are not included in the determination of "net investment in capital assets" or the "restricted" component of net position.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Impact fees assessed by the City by ordinance are reported as capital contributions in the Proprietary Fund.

Governmental Fund Balances

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Fund Balances (Continued)

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Board of Aldermen-the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Aldermen removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Aldermen and the City Administrator have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for specific expenditures, restricted resources are considered spent before unrestricted resources. Within unrestricted resources, committed and assigned are considered spent (if available) before unassigned amounts.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of the City's personnel policy, employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based upon length of service. In the event of termination, an employee forfeits unused sick leave. Unused vacation can be accumulated up to a limit of 150% of the annual amounts earned, and is payable on separation of service. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, no liability is reported in the financial statements for the value of unused vacation time.

Change in Accounting Principle

In June, 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The standard was adopted during the year ended October 31, 2018. There was no financial impact to previously reported fund balances or net position.

NOTE 2 BUDGETARY DATA

Budgets for the City are prepared and adopted on the modified cash basis (budget basis) for all governmental and proprietary funds. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments in any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the Board of Aldermen. The department level constitutes that City's legal level of budgetary control. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or amended by board resolution. Annual operating budgets are adopted for the governmental and proprietary funds. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, but may be re-appropriated in the following fiscal year. In the Transportation Sales Tax, Capital Improvement, and Sanitation Funds, actual expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of the carrying values of deposits, investments, and petty cash at October 31, 2018 is as follows:

Cash on Hand	\$ 700
Demand Deposits	8,337,238
Certificates of Deposit	1,029,299
Total Cash Deposits	9,367,237
Short-Term Investments Held in Trust	6,917,451
Total Cash Deposits and Investments	\$ 16,284,688

These carrying values are reflected on the statement of net position as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,035,724
Restricted Cash and Cash Investments	 9,248,964
Total	\$ 16,284,688

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

Statutes require that collateral pledged must have a fair value equal to 100% of the funds on deposit, less insured amounts. Collateral securities must be held by the City or an independent third party, and must be of the kind prescribed by state statutes.

At October 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's demand deposits and certificates of deposit in financial institutions was \$9,366,537. The bank balances totaled \$9,527,254, of which \$250,000 was FDIC insured and \$9,277,254 was collateralized by pledged collateral held in the name of the City.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment Policies

The City does not have a formal investment policy, but follows state statutes as defined in the accounting policy Note 1. Restricted assets are invested by the bond trustees in accordance with the bond indentures.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This risk can be measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization such as Standard & Poor's above.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City does not have a formal policy for interest rate risk. However, the City does manage its exposure to fair value loss arising from interest rate changes on internally invested funds by reviewing the portfolio on an ongoing basis for changes in effective yield amounts.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk of investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no policy to limit the holdings of an outside party.

At October 31, 2018, the City's investments consisted of restricted investments held in the City's name by the bond trustee in accordance with the related bond indentures.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a policy which limits the amounts that can be invested with any one issuer. Investments that represent more than 5% of the City's investments consist of money market funds shown above.

Fair Value Measurements

In determining fair value, the City uses various valuation approaches within GASBS 72 fair value measurement framework. Fair value measurements are determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

GASBS 72 establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs, by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. GASBS 72 defines levels within the hierarchy based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets; and

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data; and

Level 3 — Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs, or significant value drivers, are unobservable, such as pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques not based on market, exchange, dealer, or broker-traded transactions.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value and their classifications in the valuation hierarchy.

Money Market Mutual Funds: Valued at last sales price, if listed on a national market or exchange, or if there is no sale and the market is still considered active, at the last transaction price before year-end. In less active markets, the valuation is based on the most recent price of the equivalent quoted yield for such securities. These are classified as Level 1 within the valuation hierarchy.

The carrying amounts, maturity segment, ratings and fair value levels for the City's investments at October 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

Maturity		Fair Value
Under		Hierarchy
One Year	Rating	Level
\$ 6,917,451	AAAm	Level 1
	Under One Year	Under One Year Rating

NOTE 4 RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash at October 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

	(Total		
Court Appearance Bonds	\$	14,462	\$ -	\$ 14,462
Debt Service		-	68,380	68,380
Bond Proceeds		-	6,849,071	6,849,071
Capital Projects			 2,317,051	 2,317,051
Total	\$	14,462	\$ 9,234,502	\$ 9,248,964

The City's combined water and wastewater revenue bond trust indentures require the City to establish various debt services and reserve accounts. At October 31, 2018, these reserve accounts were fully funded.

NOTE 4 RESTRICTED CASH (CONTINUED)

All new connections to the City's water and sewer system are assessed an impact fee. All impact fees are kept in a fund to be used only for capital improvement projects that expand capacity of the system, including, but not limited to, new sewer lines, upsizing existing sewer lines, removing or replacing sewer lift stations, or upgrading sewer lift stations. This cash is considered to be restricted for capital projects.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in capital asset activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the year ended October 31, 2018 are as follows:

, ca. c. a. c.	No	Balance ovember 1, 2017	Additions		Disposals	Balance October 31, 2018			
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$	918,234	\$ -	\$	-	\$	918,234		
Construction in Progress		613,230	 703,569		990,737		326,062		
Total Capital Assets, Not Being									
Depreciated		1,531,464	703,569		990,737		1,244,296		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Buildings and Improvements		2,959,964	22,488		-		2,982,452		
Machinery and Equipment		1,052,074	252,476		-		1,304,550		
Vehicles		760,595	101,624		-		862,219		
Infrastructure		2,604,520	 1,180,856				3,785,376		
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated		7,377,153	 1,557,444		-		8,934,597		
Total Capital Assets		8,908,617	2,261,013		990,737		10,178,893		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		3,016,821	 315,579		-		3,332,400		
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets, Net	\$	5,891,796	\$ 1,945,434	\$	990,737	\$	6,846,493		
Business-Type Activities									
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Easements	\$	220,930	\$ -	\$	-	\$	220,930		
Construction in Progress		49,725	1,209,634		792,795		466,564		
Total Capital Assets, Not Being		,			•		·		
Depreciated		270,655	1,209,634		792,795		687,494		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Water Towers		2,656,744	41,333		_		2,698,077		
Water and Sewer Lines		6,026,014	1,310,070		_		7,336,084		
Machinery and Equipment		491,888	23,855		-		515,743		
Vehicles		604,724	59,970		-		664,694		
Plant		9,483,749	160,428		-		9,644,177		
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated		19,263,119	 1,595,656		=		20,858,775		
Total Capital Assets		19,533,774	2,805,290		792,795		21,546,269		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		5,648,018	495,837		- ,		6,143,855		
Business-Type Activities Capital		2,0.0,0.0	 .00,007	-			-,,		
Assets, Net	\$	13,885,756	\$ 2,309,453	\$	792,795	\$	15,402,414		

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 21,712
Police	66,434
Public Works	133,812
Parks and Recreation	80,547
Community and Economic Development	 13,074
Total Depreciation Expense, Governmental Activities	\$ 315,579
Business-Type Activities	
Water and Wastewater	\$ 495,837

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS board of trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 and receive a reduced allowance.

	2018 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier	1.50%
Final Average Salary	3 Years
Member Contributions	4%

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At February 28, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	10
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	19
Active Employees	49
Total	78

Contributions

The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer do not contribute to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates were 12% of annual covered payroll for the general division, and 10% of annual covered payroll for the police division, for the year ended October 31, 2018. For the year ended October 31, 2018, the City made contributions to the plan totaling \$262,069, which is equal to the City's pension expense, in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS

The City's long-term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions or events consisted of the following as of October 31, 2018:

Description	Amount			
Governmental Activities \$235,232 capital lease for the purpose of purchasing a street sweeper. Annual installments of \$38,276 plus interest through 2024; interest at 4.48%. At October 31, 2018, the City had capital assets related to this lease with a cost of \$38,276, and those assets had related accumulated depreciation of \$11.762.	\$	196,956		
\$2,000,000 2018 General Operating Bond. Annual installments of \$104,000 to \$199,000 through 2038; interest at 3.6% with a premium of \$75,886 issued with the debt.		2,075,886		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,272,842		
Business-Type Activities \$530,000 Series 2012, Certificate of Participation, for the purpose of water pollution control improvements. Annual installments of \$50,000 to \$60,000 through 2021; interest at 2.63%.		225,000		
\$8,635,000 Series 2018, Certificate of Participation, for the purpose of water pollution control improvements. Annual installments of \$564,000 to \$623,000 through 2038; interest at 4.2% to 4.6%.		8,848,370		
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	9,073,370		

The advanced refunding of the Series 2007 Revenue Bonds caused the defeasance of the liability, and the City has removed the liability from its accounts. The advanced refunding resulted in an approximate additional cash flow of \$216,854, and resulted in an economic gain of \$201,688.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Changes in the City's long-term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions or events for the year ended October 31, 2018 were as follows:

		Balance					Balance		
	Ν	ovember 1,				C	ctober 31,	Current	Long-Term
		2017	 Additions	Retired			2018	 Portion	Portion
Governmental Activities:		_	_		_				
Capital Lease - Cab Tractor	\$	11,956	\$ -	\$	11,956	\$	-	\$ -	-
Capital Lease - Street Sweeper		-	235,232		38,276		196,956	29,286	167,670
2018 General Obligation Bonds		-	2,000,000		-		2,000,000	-	2,000,000
2018 General Obligation Bonds Premium			75,886				75,886	 	75,886
Total	\$	11,956	\$ 2,311,118	\$	50,232	\$	2,272,842	\$ 29,286	\$ 2,243,556
Business-Type Activities:									
2007 Certificates of Participation	\$	2,625,000	\$ -	\$	2,625,000	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
2012 Certificates of Participation		275,000	-		50,000		225,000	50,000	175,000
Deferred Refunding		(3,836)	-		(3,836)		-	-	-
2018 Certificates of Participation		-	8,635,000		-		8,635,000	235,000	8,400,000
2018 Certificates of Participation									
Premium			213,370				213,370	5,807	207,563
Total	\$	2,896,164	\$ 8,848,370	\$	2,671,164	\$	9,073,370	\$ 290,807	\$ 8,782,563

The Series 2007 refunding bonds resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amounts of the old debt of \$9,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, was written-off during the year ending October 31, 2018 when the debt was paid-off.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Aggregate annual principal and interest payments applicable to long-term debt are:

\sim	OVE	nma	ntal	A of	ivitia
(-	over	nme	ntai	ACI	IV/ITIA

		Street	Swee	per Capital	Leas	se	2018	ond	Total																										
Year Ended	F	Principal	lı	nterest			Principal	Principal Interest		Р	rincipal	I	nterest																						
October 31,	M	laturities	M	Maturities		Total	Maturities	Ν	Maturities Total		Maturities		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		aturities	M	aturities		Total
2019	\$	29,268	\$	9,008	\$	38,276	\$ -	\$	63,273	\$	63,273	\$	29,268	\$	72,281	\$	101,549																		
2020		30,607		7,669		38,276	35,000		68,868		103,868		65,607		76,537		142,144																		
2021		32,007		6,269		38,276	40,000		68,080		108,080		72,007		74,349		146,356																		
2022		33,471		4,805		38,276	45,000	67,188		112,188		78,471		71,993			150,464																		
2023		35,001		3,275		38,276	50,000		66,140 116,1		116,140	85,001			69,415		154,416																		
2024-2028		36,602		1,674		38,276	315,000		305,389		620,389		351,602		307,063		658,665																		
2029-2033		-		-		-	635,000		227,775		862,775		635,000		227,775		862,775																		
2034-2038		-		-		-	880,000		87,969		967,969		880,000		87,969		967,969																		
Total	\$	196,956	\$	32,700	\$	229,656	\$ 2,000,000	\$	954,682	\$	2,954,682	\$ 2	,196,956	\$	987,382	\$	3,184,338																		

Business-Type Activities

	 2012 C	ertifica	ites of Part	icipat	ion		2018 Certificates of Participation						Total					
Year Ended October 31,	Principal aturities		nterest aturities		Total		Principal Maturities		Interest Maturities		Total		Principal laturities	Interest Maturities			Total	
2019	\$ 55,000	\$	5,194	\$	60,194	\$	235,000	\$	329,002	\$	564,002	\$	290,000	\$	334,196	\$	624,196	
2020	55,000		3,748		58,748		250,000		310,100		560,100		305,000		313,848		618,848	
2021	60,000		2,236		62,236		265,000		297,600		562,600		325,000		299,836		624,836	
2022	55,000		723		55,723		335,000		284,350		619,350		390,000		285,073		675,073	
2023	-		-		-		355,000		267,600		622,600		355,000		267,600		622,600	
2024-2028	-		-		-	:	2,015,000		1,081,300		3,096,300	2	2,015,000	•	1,081,300		3,096,300	
2029-2033	-		-		-	:	2,375,000		728,675		3,103,675	2	2,375,000		728,675		3,103,675	
2034-2038	 -		-		<u>-</u>	:	2,805,000		304,269		3,109,269		2,805,000		304,269		3,109,269	
Total	\$ 225,000	\$	11,901	\$	236,901	\$ 8	8,635,000	\$:	3,602,896	\$	12,237,896	\$ 8	3,860,000	\$ 3	3,614,797	\$	12,474,797	

NOTE 8 TAXES

Property taxes may attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied no later than November 1st and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied by November 1st become delinquent January 1st of the following year.

The assessed valuation of the tangible property for the purpose of local taxation for the budget year ending October 31, 2018 was \$156,356,367.

The tax levy per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible real and personal property for the budget year ending October 31, 2018 was \$0.4773 for general fund purposes.

Sales tax revenue consists of a one percent general sales tax on all receipts from the retail sale of tangible personal property or taxable services within the City subject to taxation by the State of Missouri, and a one-half of one percent levy for the purpose of street maintenance.

The City is subject to property tax abatements through various programs implemented by Platte County, which include Tax Increment Financing (TIF). The enacting authority for TIF is Chapter 99, RSMO. A TIF project diverts tax revenue, above an established base level of taxes, to a special allocation fund that allows certain project costs to be reimbursed to developers for up to 23 years. Most commonly, the sources of funds that are diverted are Payments In Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) and Economic Activity Taxes (EATs). Generally, 100% of PILOTs (real property based taxes) and 50% of EATs (sales, utilities, and earnings based taxes) are diverted. A basic requirement, as outlined in Section 99.810.1 (1), RSMO, is: "The redevelopment area on the whole is a blighted area, a conservation area, or an economic development area, and has not been subject to growth and development through investment by private enterprise and would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed without the adoption of tax increment financing." Each agreement will vary from project to project. There were no taxes abated related to the projects during the year ending October 31, 2018.

NOTE 9 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE

Intergovernmental revenue during fiscal year ended October 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

General Fund				
\$	225,221			
	52,496			
	35,849			
	111,056			
\$	424,622			
	F			

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of MPR (formerly MARCIT), a nonprofit corporation consisting of governmental entities incorporated in 1984 to acquire insurance for its members. MPR operates as a purchasing pool and is not a joint venture activity of the City. The City has no control over budgeting, financing, management selection, or the governing body. MPR provides both conventional and self-insurance coverages for its members including property, casualty, general liability, and workers' compensation. The City participates in medical, dental, property, casualty, general liability, and workers' compensation insurance coverage. MPR manages the cash and investment pool, funded by insurance premiums, on behalf of its members. MPR's investment pool consists of interest-bearing deposits, U.S. Treasury strips, U.S. governmental agency obligations, and collateralized mortgage obligations.

In the event that a deficit occurs with respect to any fiscal year of MPR for which the City was a participant at any time during such year; and in the even that MPR determines that an assessment is required in order to provide additional funds for the obligations of MPR for such year; and further, in the event that the City was covered by the types of benefits requiring the assessment during the time period in which the assessment arose, the City is obligated to pay its pro rata share of any such assessments, irrespective of whether or not the City is a member of MPR at the time of such assessment. MPR was not in a deficit situation during the past year.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year in any of the City's policies. In addition, there have been no settlements in excess of the City insurance coverage in any of the prior three years.

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

The City has entered into various agreements with U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (the Corps). One agreement, paid from the General Fund, is for the use of the Smith's Fork public use area and is payable in installments which began in 1999 that increases annually over a period of 50 years. The amount paid for the year ended October 31, 2018 was \$31,840.

The water and wastewater fund is responsible for two agreements, one to reimburse the Corps for a percentage of their maintenance costs for the dam at the Corps' Smithville Lake where the City has its water intake line, and another for access to water from the lake for the City's water supply. The total amount paid for both agreements for the year ended October 31, 2018 was \$12,653.

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Continued)

Future minimum payments under the agreements are as follows:

	Sr	mith's Fork	Water Supply			
Year Ended October 31,	F	Park Rent		Agr	eement	
2019	\$	33,432	_	\$	12,626	
2020		35,103			12,626	
2021		36,853			12,626	
2022		38,701			12,684	
2023		40,636			-	
2023-2027		294,710			-	
2028-2032		376,133			-	
2033-2037		479,852			-	
2038-2042		611,699			-	
2043-2047		781,753			-	
Total	\$	2,728,872		\$	50,562	

Redevelopment Agreement

The City and its Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Commission have approved the formation of a redevelopment area and entered into a TIF redevelopment agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, the City, subject to the developer satisfying various conditions as specified in the agreement, will reimburse the developer approximately \$4.8 million of its eligible costs. The reimbursement is payable solely from 50% of the future incremental property and sales tax revenues generated by the project. As of October 31, 2018, no reimbursements have been made.

Other Services

The City engaged a company to provide water tower maintenance. The agreement is for 10 years with payments of \$46,771 per year, for total payments over the term of the contract of \$467,710. The contract expires in the year ending October 31, 2027 and the remaining commitment at October 31, 2018 was \$420,939.

Construction Projects

In connection with the downtown streetscape project, the City has commitments approximating \$2 million at October 31, 2018. The project is primarily funded with proceeds from Series 2018 general obligation bonds.

In connection with the influent pump station and interceptor project, the City has commitments approximating \$6.7 million at October 31, 2018. The project is primarily funded with proceeds from the Series 2018 certificates of participation.

NOTE 12 RENTAL INCOME

The City leases space on its water towers for cell phone companies to place antennas. The total rents received from tenants were \$37,589 for the year ended October 31, 2018. Future rents to be received under current leases are as follows:

Year Ended October 31,	 Amount
2019	\$ 29,902
2020	 4,026
Total	\$ 33,928

The City also leases a portion of a building to the Smithville Senior Citizen Center for \$1 a year. The lease, originally entered into in August 2013, has an initial term of 10 years, and may be renewed for successive renewal terms of five years each.

NOTE 13 PLEDGED REVENUES

The proprietary fund has pledged future revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay certificates of participation that were issued for the purpose of improvements. The certificates of participation are payable solely from the fund's net revenues and are payable through 2027. The total principal and interest to be repaid on the certificates of participation is \$12,474,797. Scheduled payments of principal and interest for the current year was \$409,975 on the certificates of participation. Total proprietary fund net revenues for the current year were \$1,891,266.

NOTE 14 RESERVE LEVEL POLICY

The City has adopted a reserve policy goal which sets aside 40% of General Fund budgeted expenditures and 20% of proprietary operating revenues. Reserve amounts are reported as unassigned fund balance for the General Fund and unrestricted net position for the Proprietary Fund.

NOTE 15 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In November 2018, the City approved a land purchase of \$260,153.

In November 2018, the City approved the purchase of Playground Equipment not to exceed \$150,000.



CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

DEVENUES		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	W	/ariances ith Budget /er (Under)
REVENUES	Φ	0.000.000	Φ	0.000.000	Φ.	0.000.004	Φ	70.004
Taxes	\$	2,923,000	\$	2,923,000	\$	3,002,324	\$	79,324
Licenses, Fees, and Permits		339,500		339,500		453,607		114,107
Intergovernmental Revenues		150,000		150,000		424,622		274,622
Charges for Services		157,700		157,700		160,577		2,877
Fines and Forfeitures		166,000		166,000		173,262		7,262
Interest		25,000		25,000		141,291		116,291
Donations		7,500		7,500		-		(7,500)
Other Revenue		_				131,806		131,806
Total Revenues		3,768,700		3,768,700		4,487,489		718,789
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		793,900		798,100		877,822		79,722
Police		1,817,075		1,861,950		1,578,770		(283,180)
Municipal Court		105,600		105,600		98,042		(7,558)
Public Works		486,900		486,900		729,757		242,857
Parks and Recreation		611,400		611,400		513,897		(97,503)
Community and Economic Development		570,900		570,900		543,498		(27,402)
Senior Center		27,700		27,700		17,031		(10,669)
Capital Outlay		-		1,668,000		790,021		(877,979)
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		11,956		11,956
Interest		-		-		140		140
Total Expenditures		4,413,475		6,130,550		5,160,934		(969,616)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		_				_		
OVER EXPENDITURES		(644,775)		(2,361,850)		(673,445)		1,688,405
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(644,775)		(2,361,850)		(673,445)		1,688,405
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		3,892,306		3,892,306		3,892,306		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	3,247,531	\$	1,530,456	\$	3,218,861	\$	1,688,405

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – MODIFIED CASH BASIS TRANSPORTATION SALES TAX FUND YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

	iginal and Final Budget	Actual	Variances with Budget Over (Under)		
REVENUES		\$	476,958		
Taxes	\$ 412,000	\$	64,958		
EXPENDITURES					
Public Works	30,900		95,276		64,376
Capital Outlay	469,100		480,254		11,154
Debt Service	 		38,276		38,276
Total Expenditures	500,000		613,806		113,806
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(88,000)		(136,848)		(48,848)
OTHER FINANCING USES Issuance of Debt	 <u>-</u>		235,232		235,232
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(88,000)		98,384		186,384
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	318,844		318,844		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 230,844	\$	417,228	\$	186,384

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – MODIFIED CASH BASIS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

	Original ar Final Budget	Actual	Variances with Budget Over (Under)			
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service	\$		\$	66,988	_\$_	66,988
Total Expenditures				66,988		66,988
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		(66,988)		(66,988)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Issuance of Debt				2,075,886		2,075,886
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		2,008,898		2,008,898
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	2,008,898	\$	2,008,898

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI NOTES TO THE OTHER INFORMATION YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

NOTE I BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Prior to October 31 of each year, the City Administrator submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following November 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The City adopts the proposed budget as amended and adjusted by the Board of Aldermen.
- B. Public hearings on the City's budget are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to its approval by the Board of Aldermen, the budget document is available for public inspection.
- C. On or before October 31, the final budget is legally enacted by City Ordinance.
- D. Subsequent to its formal approval of the budget, the Board of Aldermen has the authority to make necessary adjustments to the budget by formal vote of the board.
- E. Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Aldermen. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the Board of Aldermen.
- F. In accordance with Chapter 67, RSMo., the City adopts a budget for each fund. The proposed budget includes estimated revenues and proposed expenditure for all city funds. Budgeted expenditures cannot exceed beginning available monies plus estimated revenues for the year. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the total fund level. Monitoring of budgets is maintained at the expenditure category level (i.e., personal services, supplies, miscellaneous services and charges, and capital outlay) within each program. All amounts over budget have been approved by the Board of Aldermen through the disbursement process.
- G. Budgets for the general, certain special revenue funds, and the debt service fund are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

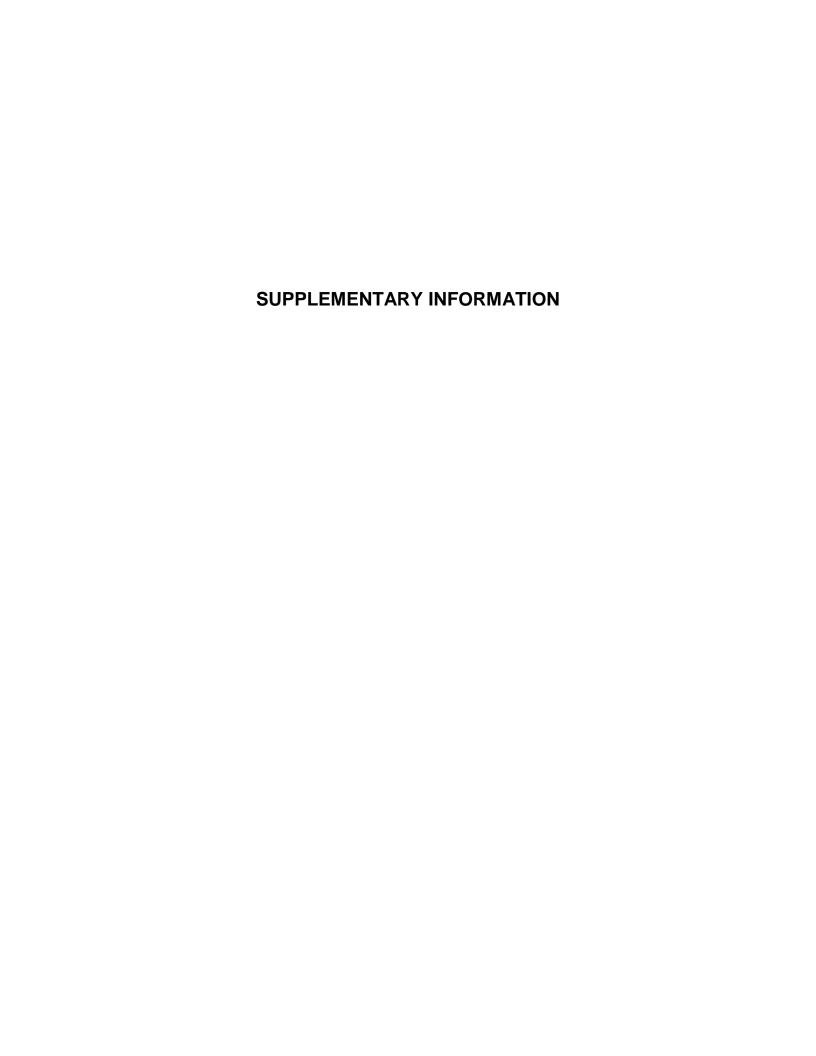
NOTE II EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Expenditures and transfers out exceeded budgeted amounts in the following funds:

	Ex	penditures	 Budget	 Excess	
Transportation Sales Tax Fund	\$	613,806	\$ 500,000	\$ 113,806	
Capital Improvements Fund		66,988	-	66,988	
Solid Waste Fund		726,458	702,100	24,358	

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

Fiscal Year Ended October 31,	Deter	arially mined ibution	in Ro Act Det	ributions elation to tuarially ermined tribution	Defic	ibution ciency cess)	 Covered Payroll	as a Pe	ibutions ercentage red Payroll
2009	\$	82,633	\$	82,633	\$	-	\$ 1,679,534		4.9%
2010		83,844		83,844		-	1,889,014		4.4%
2011		91,571		90,425		1,146	1,695,758		5.4%
2012	1	29,002		129,002		-	1,666,035		7.7%
2013	1	35,882		135,882		-	1,630,264		8.3%
2014	1	40,913		140,913		-	1,784,036		7.9%
2015	1	60,040		160,040		-	2,009,670		8.0%
2016	2	25,202		225,202		-	2,193,483		10.3%
2017	2	14,857		214,857		-	2,260,587		9.5%
2018	2	62,069		262,069		-	2,495,726		10.5%



CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OCTOBER 31, 2018

		Total	Nonmajor										
	Police		DWI		Technology		Jı	udicial	Ар	pointed	Governmental		
	Training		Recovery		Upgrade		Ed	ucation	C	ouncil	Funds		
ASSETS													
Cash	\$	10,206	\$	15,209	\$	8,371	\$	3,270	\$	2,618	\$	39,674	
Total Assets	\$ 10,206		\$	15,209	\$	8,371	\$ 3,270		\$	2,618	\$	39,674	
FUND BALANCES													
Restricted Committed	\$	10,206	\$	15,209 -	\$	- 8,371	\$	3,270	\$	2,618 -	\$	31,303 8,371	
Total Fund Balances	\$	10,206	\$	15,209	\$	8,371	\$	3,270	\$	2,618	\$	39,674	

CITY OF SMITHVILLE, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2018

	Special Revenue											Nonmajor
		Police raining	Re	DWI ecovery		chnology pgrade		udicial ucation	Appointed Council			ernmental Funds
REVENUES												
Licenses, Fees, and Permits	\$	2,276	\$	3,940	\$		\$	570	\$	567	\$	7,353
Total Revenues		2,276		3,940				570		567		7,353
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Police		661		-		720		-		-		1,381
Municipal Court				2,114		-		170		-		2,284
Total Expenditures		661		2,114		720		170				3,665
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)												
EXPENDITURES		1,615		1,826		(720)		400		567		3,688
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,615		1,826		(720)		400		567		3,688
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		8,591		13,383		9,091		2,870		2,051		35,986
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	10,206	\$	15,209	\$	8,371	\$	3,270	\$	2,618	\$	39,674